Empowering Recovery

It's time to break the COPD exacerbation cycle.



77% of COPD patients have experienced an exacerbation, increasing risk of hospitalization and driving disease progression.¹



The countdown to her next COPD exacerbation has already begun.

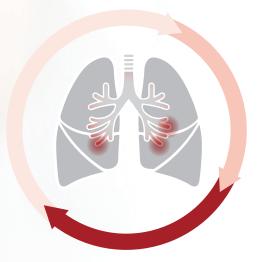
255,000 COPD exacerbations will be treated in Canada this year.²

Acute exacerbations are the **most common reason** for medical visits, hospital admissions, and death in patients with COPD.³

1 in 5 patients hospitalized for a COPD exacerbation require re-hospitalization within 30 days.⁴

Post-exacerbation airways in crisis: 30 days – the critical post-exacerbation period.

During an exacerbation, airways are compromised by inflammation, mucus buildup, and dynamic lung hyperinflation⁵



After an exacerbation, these factors disrupt the mechanics of ventilation and normal lung function, leading to prolonged respiratory impairment⁵

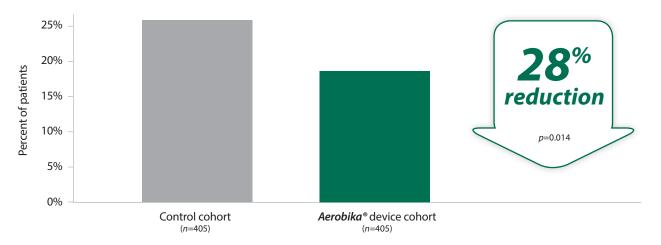
Delaying recovery beyond 30 days

places patients at risk for further airway deterioration and recurrent exacerbations⁴

Post-exacerbation recovery.

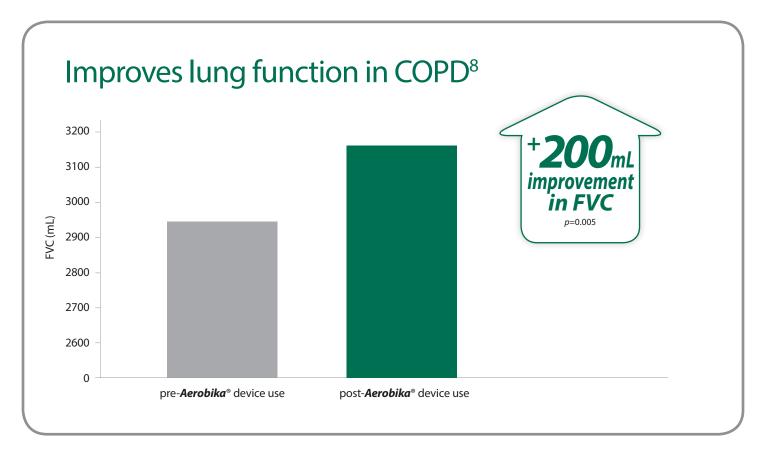
According to the GOLD Guidelines, the goal for treatment of COPD exacerbations is to **minimize the negative impact** of the current exacerbation and to **prevent subsequent events.**⁶

Reduces COPD exacerbations by 28% in the critical 30 day period⁷



Results from the same study indicated:

- Lower oral corticosteroid and antibiotic use at 30 days following an exacerbation event $(p \le 0.0001 \text{ for both})$
- A trend towards decreased length of hospital stay (2.2 days) p > 0.05

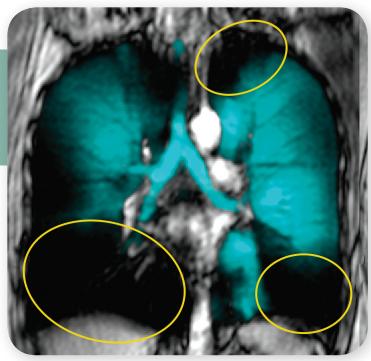


 $MRl = magnetic resonance imaging; \ ^{3}He = hyperpolarized Helium - 3; MCID = minimum clinically important difference; SGRQ = St. George's Respiratory Questionnaire; CAT = COPD assessment test.$

Improves ventilation in COPD⁸

BEFORE

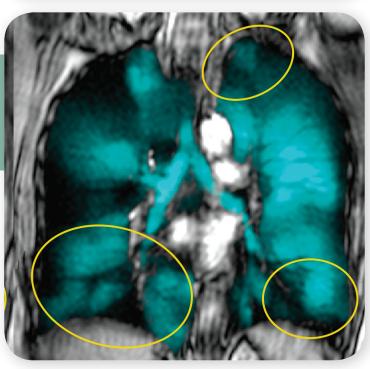
Baseline care



AFTER

Baseline care plus *Aerobika*® device

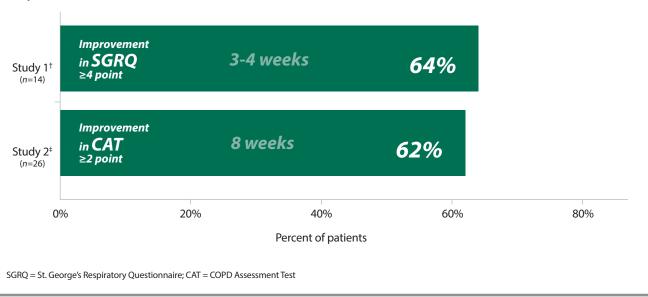
Teal colour and intensity show areas with gas distribution. Yellow circles represent areas of greatest change **after 3-4 weeks of Aerobika®** device use.



Evidence supports the *Aerobika®* device as an add-on to usual care to manage COPD patients post-exacerbation

Improves quality of life in COPD⁹

Responder rates for improvements greater than the Minimum Clinically Important Difference⁹



Prescribe the Aerobika® device for post-exacerbation recovery.

The Aerobika® device. Therapeutic Guide

Post-exacerbation therapy

For the critical 30 days after an exacerbation –

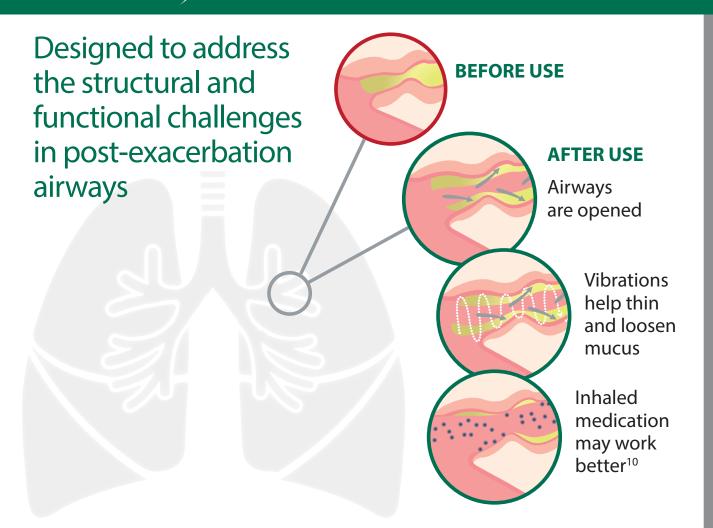
Administer for 10 minutes, twice daily.

Long-term control

For ongoing airway maintenance – Continue to administer at least once a day.

[†] Randomized, cross-over study evaluating the efficacy of the Aerobika® device after 3-4 weeks of treatment in patients with COPD and chronic bronchitis .

[‡] Clinical assessment of patients with COPD and chronic bronchitis over 8 weeks of treatment with the *Aerobika*® device .

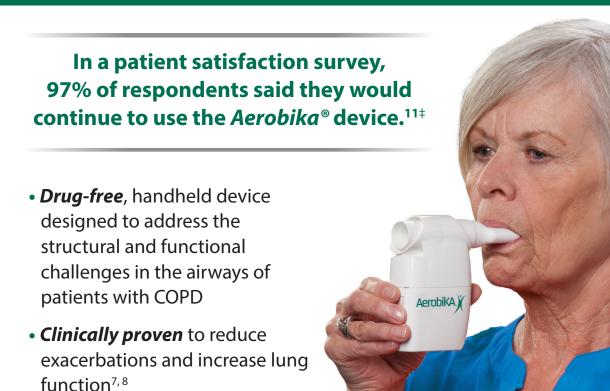


The *Aerobika*° device is drug-free and easy to use

- **Oscillations** are maintained from the start to the end of each breath
- Resistance settings adjust to each patient's capacity
- Easy to clean and disinfect
- Clinically proven to reduce exacerbations, improve lung function, reduce costs and improve patient quality of life^{7,8}



AerobiKA PATIENT OUTCOMES



‡Patient satisfaction survey given to 504 patients after ≥3 weeks of twice-daily use of the *Aerobika*° device.

• Improve patient *quality of life*^{7,8}

Prescribe the Aerobika® device for post-exacerbation recovery.

AVAILABLE IN RETAIL PHARMACIES

References: 1. Barnes N, et al. BMC Pulm Med. 2013;13:54. 2. Global Data. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) – Epidemiology Forecast to 2023. 3. Lawati NAI, et al. BCMJ 2008;50(3):138-142. 4. Shah T, et al. Chest. 2016;150(4):916-926. 5. O'Donnell DE, Parker CM. Thorax. 2006;61(4):354-61. 6. Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease. Global strategy for the diagnosis, management, and prevention of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. 2015. 7. Burudpakdee C, et al. Pulmonary Therapy 2017;3(1):163-171. 8. Svenningsen S et al. Journal of COPD 2016;13(1):66 – 74. 9. Stockley RA. Abstract presentations: COPD10, Birmingham, United Kingdom, 2016. Chronic Obstr Pulm Dis. 2017; 4(3): 225-246. doi: http://doi.org/10.15326/jcopdf.43.2017.0137. 10. Wolkove N, et al. Use of a mucus clearance device enhances the bronchodilator response in patients with stable COPD. CHEST 2002;121(3):702-7. 11. Harkness H, et al. Presented at: Canadian Respiratory Conference. April 23–25, 2015. Ottawa, Ontario.



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The Lung Association believes that the **Aerobika**® OPEP device is a drug-free way to open airways, clear mucus and reduce breathlessness.



